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Lukes Homestead

Midway Warm Springs

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Riverdale Springs

Session's Spring

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Sessions

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philost Bernell Sessions Any Burrows Person in Provo philosteslie A. Korth Ray Miller Layerne Sessions Guy McDonald Interview these History
Get PAMU Pict & Hist of A Location East of David Probst Home in Kiverdale Burrows (sessions) Spring Spring Burrough spring - London Ditch

Next Door North:
John Barnard
Ralph Silver
Hal Schleuter

Canal Spring

This spring comes out right in the Canal between the New Yordan RV Park and Clift & Jane's home in Jordanelle

300

Creamery Ditch Spring: Interview these: Ed Clyde

Location:

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London Spring

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Enterview: Leslie A. North Location: ast of Leslied North

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Loslie A North (1987) now ownsthis Spring

Session's Spring

HOW BEAUTIFUL UPON THE MOUNTAINS

settlement, of course, was at Heber City, but there were also two small settlements along the Snake Creek, a number of families at Center Creek, some at Charleston, some in Round Valley or Wallsburg, a small cluster of houses at the Sessions spring and a few at a sheep ranch of Melvin Ross, afterwards known as Hailstone's Ranch, about eight miles north of Heber.

The first county road was established on March 3, 1862, and commenced at the Provo River below Manning's (southwest of the town of Charleston) and ran in a northerly direction following the old immigrant trail through the valley, passing by Melvin Ross' ranch and terminating at the northern boundary of the county known then as the Ross Summit.

Another county road was established April 26, 1862 and ran between Heber City and Center Creek and on to a sawmill in Center Creek Canyon.

Four school districts were also designated in April, 1862. They were district No. 1 to include Heber City; No. 2 at the Center Creek settlement; No. 3, the lower settlement on Snake Creek and No. 4 the upper Snake Creek settlement.

The first valuation of property for the county took place in 1862, and according to the report of John Harvey, assessor and collector, the property value in the valley was \$48,350.

Spring came late in 1862 and it was May 4 before any plowing could be done in the valley. The Church leaders who went to Salt Lake City for general conference sessions in April had to travel on snowshoes to get through the more than four feet of snow still on the ground.

Early in 1862 John H. Van Wagoner finished building a gristmill at Snake Creek's lower settlement. Even though there was no way to separate the smut from the wheat and some of the flour made was very dark, the people were still glad for this added improvement. At times that year the river was so high people couldn't get across to the mill. However, Henry McMullin, a ship builder from Maine, built a boat and the grist was taken back and forth on the boat. It was this same Mr. McMullin that built the first sawmill in the valley. It was owned by William M. Wall and James Adams and located in Center Creek Canyon.

Until the sawmill was built, people had used hand-prepared timber for all their furniture and other needs. Now with cut lumber available the rough furniture was quickly discarded.

Many of the people were able to obtain good wagons from the soldiers in Johnston's Army. The army had camped near Utah Lake until the outbreak of the Civil War in the East. They were summoned to return to the Northern Army's camps and so they sold some of their wagons and their supplies very cheaply rather than carry them back east. Many in Wasatch County obtained the wagons as the troops passed through the valley on their eastern trip.

Coll Spring was corner of one mining 3. MM for pricher 7-1-87 4. 11 MM for they 7-1-87 5. HBM for Mark History 6-20-87 6. Tell & Men Danies - Grune 4 guly 1. Call Max Toth Fish Hadday 0782 1. 356 you R. Sessians 765 7-8-87 Wichard Lessions Cold Sprm 4. Gold Jae Dean Gulen 7-9-57 I Noables Spring in Marloston Where is Richard Sessions' Cold Spring? 1. HBUM pp 188 2. Call May North 3. Call Joe Dean Heber 4. Go take pictures of it.

Cold Spring ?

Calmaragh

15, 1936; John J. Barnard, November 16, 1936 to September 14, 1944; Merrill E. Cook, September 15, 1944 to April 1, 1945; L. Darrell Stokes, June 15, 1948 to June 30, 1955, and Paul R. Daniels, July 1, 1955 to the present.

Adult home economics work was first conducted in 1917 also, but it was 1924 before a regular county home demonstration agent was appointed. She was Ruby Smith, and she served until 1928. From 1928 to 1948 the home economics program was under the direction of the county agricultural agents. Training was given by specialists through the Relief Society and other women's organizations. Special projects included bread making, salad making, home management, home-made household convenience. clothing, home nursing, first aid and personal hygiene.

In 1948, Mary R. Bacon was appointed as county home demonstration agent and still serves the county today. Because of the area's changing economy, and a greater number of women working, stress is being given today to the management of time, energy and money.

An influential program among Wasatch County youth has been 4-H Club work. When the 4-H program began in 1917 there wer girls and 14 boys enrolled. Nine of the girls and 10 of the boys comp the program. Today, in 1961, the work has grown until there are girls enrolled and 69 boys, with 220 of the girls and 61 of the boys pleting a full course of activities. Adult leadership programs have been successful in the county, with 98 persons from the valley attending 4-H leader's conferences.

Improvement of cultural activities in the valley has always been the concern of the commission, and in the 1920's the commissioners appropriated \$5,000 to purchase a site for county fair grounds. From this action has come the annual Wasatch County Fair and Livestock Show. Held in August of each year, the fair is anticipated for months in advance by those who make preparations and those who come to enjoy its many facets.

While the annual county fair began in the 1920's, celebrations and exhibits are nearly as old as the settlement of the valley. Typical of early celebrations was one held on July 4, 1863. Captain Thomas Todd's company of infantry announced the day's dawning with muskets, while the martial band played "Hail, Columbia." By 10 a.m. the citizens had met on the public square to participate in the processional. Leading off were members of the infantry company and the martial band. Prof. Greer and his pupils and then the citizens came next, with Sydney Epperson and a company of cavalry bringing up the rear. They marched to the bowery where Captain Todd and company fired salutes and a program began.

On the program, Bishop Joseph S. Murdock offered the invocation. Music was furnished by the choir, after which Judge Witt read the Declaration of Independence. The martial band then offered a salute and musical selection. President William M. Wall delivered an oration

ADOLPHUS SESSIONS

Adolphus Sessions was a son of Daniel Alexander Sessions and Rachel Jeanette Baum.

Adolphus, always known as Tobe, was a twin. His brother's name was Adolph.

Tobe married Rachel Emma Hicken and they had two sons. She was the daughter of Thomas Hicken and Margaret Poweil. They were married in July, 1892, at Heber, having two sons. Thomas and Charles. After his wife's death he married Mary Jeanette (Mae) Nelson on December 26, 1900, daughter of Henry T. Nelson and Mary E. McMillin of Heber. Together they reared a large family, 13 children: Corridon, Chloe, Ella, Burnell, Agnes Lorna, Elvin, Phoebe LaVern, Erma Rose and

1923, and had their children sealed to them. They lived in the same location all their married lives. Her husband died May 3, 1938. He was a cattle man and farmer.

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Tobe's grandfather. Baum, was a guard over the bodies of the Prophet Joseph Smith and Hyrum in Nauvoo when they were killed. As a girl six years old, his mother remembered walking around the coffins.

Tobe and his twin brother cut rails for the railroad. When only 13 years of age, their father hauled them to Salt Lake. Their shoes were made out of cowhide or of old gunny sacks. They ground their wheat in a coffee mill and soaked it so it would be soft enough to eat.

Mae and Tobe, as they were known to everyone, were quiet in their way, going about doing good. Besides their own family, they reared two grandchildren. Dale and Ruth. They are good, honest people. After her husband's death, Aunt Mae, as she is now known to everyone, kept working to keep her family together.

2. Call May Worth 3. Call Joe Dean Huber Where is Richard Sessions Colo 81 de min 81 14 "

Calle Mark

Richard Sessions

15, 1936; John J. Barnard, November 16, 193

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Mae was a wonderful wife to Tobe. She was born January 13, 1874, and they had many trials. She was always there to help in times of sickness in the neighborhood, being an angel of mercy.

They went to the LDS Temple in Salt Lake City and were married on May 16, 1923, and had their children sealed to them. They lived in the same location all their married lives, Her husband died May 3, 1938. He was a cattle man and farmer.

477

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